

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, November 7.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Max. 80; Min. 69. Weather, fair.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 4.30c. Per Ton, \$86.00.
SS Analysis Beets, 11s. 9d. Per Ton, \$89.00.

VOL. L., NO. 8502.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

INSURGENTS OUT AFTER BLOOD

Cannon May Be Deposed From
the Speakership of the
Lower House.

GAGE OF BATTLE IS HURLED

Insurgents and Democrats May
Combine in 1910 to Defeat
the Republicans.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, October 25.—It is a year away, but the campaign for the election of the sixty-second congress is on. Speaker Cannon has jumped upon the platform in the West. The result of it is seen in the activity of his lieutenants and coworkers, now straggling into Washington. The gage of battle has been thrown down. President Taft may have been responsible for the precipitancy with which the Republican leaders are springing to the fray.

He announced in Boston and Winona weeks ago that he was training with the regulars of his party. He could not compromise with insurgents. The ferment of those remarks has been working as the President has been swinging around the big circle of the mainland. The insurgents forthwith began to jump on Uncle Joe and Senator Aldrich. Senator Aldrich has not yet returned from his European tour, but Uncle Joe has entered right into the game with spirit, and is jumping on the insurgents to beat the band.

Cannon's Def.

His deft has been uttered from the Iowa district of Representative Hull of Des Moines. The speaker there read Senator Cummins and other insurgents out of the party, or, at least, said they were not Republicans if he was a Republican. Senator Cummins has accepted the challenge. He is coming to Chicago in a few days to make a reply in Speaker Cannon's home State of Illinois. It will be November, 1910, before the country votes for congressmen again. The tenseness at this early date seems to promise that it will be the greatest and most spirited congressional campaign in twenty years. The fencing for position will continue all through the coming session of congress.

Out in the Open.

The speaker and other leaders of the regular wing propose to bring their opponents right out into the open. A question Republican candidates for congress must answer, right at the threshold of their campaigns, will be whether, if nominated and elected, they will participate in the caucus of house Republicans and be guided by its verdict. That was a question which many Republican candidates had to face in the last congressional campaign, but as far as the Republicans are concerned, it is likely to be a very dominant question next year.

All sorts of stories are in the air regarding immediate combinations between the insurgent Republicans and the Democrats, alike of the senate and the house. One report brought here was that such a house combination had already been effected. It meant Champ Clark, the minority leader, would have a formidable following at his back when congress comes together in December. In return for the support of the Republican insurgents, Democrats would not nominate candidates for congress in their districts next year. Then, in return for that, the insurgents would vote for Champ Clark for speaker. It was rather a pretty story. Persons around the capitol insisted that Representative Burleson, an aggressive young Democrat from Texas, was authority for the statement that the coalition had already been arranged and that Champ Clark's election to the speakership two years from now was assured, whether the next house was Democratic or Republican.

"They are just kidding," quoth Mr. Burleson, when he was asked about the rumored coalition. "The thing is absurd. As far as anything I said, the story was based on a little 'josh' talk I gave a few of the Republicans one day in a committee room at the capitol."

To Repeat Tariff Act.

Senator Flint, Republican of California, who has just come to town, says he hears there is every prospect of such a coalition in the house and that the first step of legislation in the program of the opponents is to repeal the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. He likewise says that a joint campaign between the Democrats and insurgent Republicans is to be made next year for the election of friendly senators with a view to control of the upper legislature. (Continued on Page Two)

RESOLUTIONS SAVE SOLONS

Cute Political Game Blocked by
Determination Not to Act
on Bills.

LAWMAKERS ESCAPE ENEMIES

Senators and Representatives
Heave Huge Sighs of
Relief.

When the two branches of the legislature last week adopted resolutions that no bills not directly connected with the purpose for which the lawmakers were called together should be considered, a sigh of relief went up from some of the senators and representatives that was like the sound of a mighty wind in the tops of the trees. A weight like a ten-ton street-roller slid off the legislative shoulders, and faces that had been careworn and thoughtful regained smiles that shone like the sun at noonday.

This was not all because the honorable members were anxious to get through with the work in hand and return to their homes and businesses. It wasn't even because they wanted to escape from having to listen to the lachrymose harangues of Fearful Willie of Maui—though that, too, was a relief. There was another and a more weighty reason, and it was connected closely with the political future of some of the honorable senators and representatives.

One way to kill a man politically is to induce him to introduce and push bills that the people do not want enacted into law. But if these bills are so cunningly devised that the victim can find no good reason for refusing to introduce them, what is the poor legislator to do? He is up against a hard proposition.

That, it is said, was the fix several of the lawmakers found themselves in, particularly some of the Honolulu members. Several of them are said to have had their desks full of dangerous bills handed to them to be introduced. They dared not introduce them, and they dared not refuse to accept them. (Continued on Page Four.)

BOY DROWNED IN THE SURF

An Inmate of Boys' Industrial
School Meets His Death
Near Shore.

A part-Hawaiian boy, inmate of the Boy's Industrial School at Waialeale, met his death in the surf near Waialeale on Friday or Saturday. According to the meager report which reached town yesterday, the boy was swimming in the usual place with other boys.

He was not missed until the other boys were ready to return to the school. A search disclosed his body under a ledge near the shore. He is presumed to have been carried under by a current. The Kahuku plantation doctor was called to look after the boy but he had been long lifeless when the physician arrived.

The boy was from the island of Maui.

WOMAN'S CONGRESS TO MAKE ARBOR DAY ADDRESSES

Next Friday is Arbor Day, a day set aside by the Governor as a holiday, when the public schools will plant trees furnished by the bureau of agriculture and forestry and will have literary exercises appropriate to the occasion. A tentative program has been sent out in printed form to all the schools and this will probably be followed. The program was arranged by the local committee of the Woman's National Rivers and Harbors Congress and sent by Superintendent of Public Instruction Babbitt to Lahaina, where it was printed and sent out with the last number of Hawaii's Young People.

The woman's congress committee has also planned to have speakers at each of the large schools to give short addresses on conservation and forestry.

CHARLOTTE C. WINS THE PACKAGE RACE

The yacht Charlotte C. won the package race to Kaena Point and back. She arrived in at 12:45 last night. None of the others was in sight at that time, the last seen of them being when they were off Pearl Harbor just before dark. The Charlotte C. also led the others to Kaena Point, reaching there at seven o'clock yesterday morning.

POSTMASTER PRATT TO BE REAPPOINTED



JOSEPH G. PRATT
Who is to be reappointed postmaster.

(Special Cable to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, November 7.—Postmaster-General Hitchcock expects to reappoint Joseph G. Pratt postmaster at Honolulu. This action, however, will not be taken for several months, after the Honolulu office shall have been reinspected.

If Mr. Pratt is reappointed, it will be his third appointment, he having

already served two terms. There have been persistent rumors that he was not to get the plum a third time, several local men being prominently mentioned for the position. Considerable opposition to the incumbent developed, and it is known that a determined effort was made at Washington to have the appointment go to someone else. It appears from the above cable from Washington, however, that Mr. Pratt has won out over his opponents and is to be continued as postmaster at Honolulu.

HOLSTEIN'S JOB IS THREATENED

AFFONSO IS AFTER HIS SCALP
Hilo Man Says There Will Be
Another Speaker in Chair
Next Session.

"You can say for me that there will be another Speaker of the house next session of the Legislature," said Representative Affonso during a recess last Saturday.

Affonso is considerably peeved because he was severely sat upon several times during the special session by Speaker Holstein, and it is evident that he intends to try to get even by making a fight at the next election against the return of Holstein to the legislature.

The Hilo representative posed as an insurgent during the special session, evidently laboring under the impression that by so doing he would make himself solid with his constituents. He was a good deal of an uncertain quantity at all times, and it was never possible to predicate his attitude on any measure.

His grandstand tactics, however, failed to make any great hit with the Speaker, who snubbed him ostentatiously several times when he made himself too prominent. Affonso poses as the wit of the house, but his wit is not of the variety appreciated by Holstein. Affonso, however, always knew just about how far he could go in trying to "ride" the presiding officer of the house, and retired to the cyclone cellar before the storm broke.

His open statement that there will be another Speaker next session, and his further statement that Holstein will not even be a member of the legislature, indicate that there is going to be trouble on the big island when politics begins to boil once more.

It is fairly certain that there is going to be a strong effort made to defeat Holstein, and it is equally certain that if any of the other legislators from Hawaii mix in the trouble, there will be more than one kind of fur clattering up the air.

CIRCUIT JUDGE SUSTAINED.

The supreme court last Saturday handed down an opinion in the case of William W. Bierre, Limited, versus William Waterhouse and Albert Waterhouse, executors under the will and of the estate of Henry Waterhouse, deceased. The court denies the motion to dismiss the writ of error on which the case came before it, and affirms the judgment non obstante entered in the lower court.

RAPID BORING ON DRYDOCK

Dredgers Have Removed Already
About 40,000 Yards of
Material.

Rapid work is being done at Pearl Harbor these days on the channel and harbor and the drydock contracts. The big clam-shell dredger California, put to work early last week on the bar near the seagoing dredger South Bay, is working satisfactorily. She is engaged in cleaning up a section of the bar which has a pasty output, and this is rather slow work. The dump barges are being tried out, and with a little adjustment here and there will be working to their full capacity this week.

The dredger at work on the drydock is boring right into the virgin rock of the shore, and has already completed about 20,000 cubic yards there, and about the same amount in the water section. A portion of the drydock commences in the harbor waters. When the basin is excavated, caissons will be installed, the water pumped out and the entire structure cemented up.

CONFERENCE CALLED
BY GOVERNOR FREAR

Governor Frear has issued a call for a conference of representative business men and educators with Dr. Victor S. Clark, director of the census, to take place at four o'clock this afternoon at the Governor's office. They will discuss the best methods of co-operating with Doctor Clark and his force in taking the census with regard to races. Among those who are invited to attend are Secretary Mortimer Smith, Senator W. O. Smith, W. H. Babbitt, Doctor Brigham, Prof. W. D. Alexander, Prof. M. M. Scott, T. G. Thrum and R. D. Mead.

SUPREME COURT SPLITS.

The supreme court split last Saturday over the matter of Kaunapu Sylvia and Hannah Jackson versus the Waialua Sugar Company, the majority of the court affirming the judgment of the circuit court in favor of the plaintiffs, and Justice Perry writing a dissenting opinion in which he claims that the verdict should be set aside and a new trial ordered. The case was an action of trespass upon a piece of land at Waikapu, Maui.

The Italian cruiser is to sail today from San Francisco for Honolulu, en route to the Far East.

FABLE OF THE CHERRY TREE

Sheba Tells of the Part It Has
Played in the History of
Old Japan.

STORY OF TAKANORI KOJIMA

George Washington and His
Handy Hatchet Hundreds
of Years Late.

George Washington was not the first person to make the cherry tree famous, for hundreds of years before he was a small boy with a handy hatchet in his father's orchard, a cherry tree played an important part in the history of Japan, according to statements made by Editor Sheba of the Hawaii Shunpo at the banquet of the Japanese Merchants' Association on Saturday night.

Tableaux of a historical nature were shown, depicting scenes of ancient Japan, and among them was one representing the patriot Takanori Kojima, who on night stole into the camp of Ashitaga the usurper, in order to save Emperor Go Daigo, who was being exiled to an isolated island. Takanori crept into the camp while watchmen were asleep, but being unable to save the emperor, he peeled off the bark of a cherry tree in the garden and wrote a poem on the clean surface, which the emperor saw the next morning, and was delighted to know that in spite of the turbulent condition of affairs then existing, there were some subjects who remained loyal to him.

There were other tableaux. One was of Hideyoshi, who played a most important part in the history of Japan. The union of the empire, the centralization of the government, and a number of other benefits reaped by the nation were the result of his genius. Confusion and utter disorganization prevailed throughout the country when Hideyoshi rose to power. A famous Japanese historian describes the age as one in which "the tail was too big to be wagged, the head lost control of the limbs of the body politic." The ruler of the nation lost his power and the country was in a state of chaos. The history of this period was one of usurpation, plotting and counterplotting, universal distrust, a total disregard of principle, neglect of learning, agriculture and commerce. The utter misery of the age that preceded Hideyoshi defies adequate description. It was unprecedented in Japanese annals.

By the genius, indomitable courage and resolution of one man, Hideyoshi, the whole aspect of affairs became changed, and two hundred and fifty years of peace and prosperity succeeded two centuries of civil strife and all its attending evils. Hideyoshi's mother prayed to the goddess San for a son. He came into the world, and his whole career was a marvelous one. He subdued all rivals and restored peace to the empire.

But his ambition was unbounded, and when he was the actual ruler of Japan he gave his hand and money away to his generals and sent an army into Korea as a step to further his ambition. His career resembles that of Alexander the Great. In the tableau representing Hideyoshi, there was another character, that of Yodogimi, who is often compared with Cleopatra, and, to further carry out the comparison, Hideyoshi was like Caesar.

The characters in the tableaux were costumed and made up to look like the pictures of the fierce, mustached, oldtime shoguns.

MISS ROTH DENIES ENGAGEMENT TO CAPTAIN SHIPP

A denial is made of the announcement made in the San Francisco Chronicle that an engagement exists between Miss Alice Roth of this city, and Captain Shipp, 20th Infantry, Fort Shafter. Miss Roth knows nothing of an engagement, and only knows Captain Shipp as a steamer acquaintance, when they were fellow-passengers on a voyage to San Francisco aboard a big liner. Their acquaintance was only that which one has as two in a large crowd, and since then they have not met.

Miss Roth is one of Honolulu's charming debutantes. She recently returned from the Coast with her mother. Captain Shipp is a very popular officer of the Fort Shafter garrison. At present he is at Fort Leavenworth taking a special course in military tactics.

NEW CHINESE CONSUL MAY BE SENT HERE

A rumor is current among Chinese residents that the Chinese Consul, Mr. Tseng Hai, may shortly be succeeded by a new official, in line with the general policy followed when ministerial changes take place at Washington.

NORTH DAKOTA MAKES FINE RECORD

New Dreadnought Completes Her
Endurance Test at Twelve-
Knot Speed.

TRIAL TEST COST ONE LIFE

Vessel Makes Better Showing
Than the New Battleship
Delaware.

(By Associated Press.)

BOSTON, November 8.—The new battleship North Dakota has arrived here after having completed her twenty-four-hour endurance test, notwithstanding the boiler tube explosion which injured twelve men. At the twelve-knot speed she made a record in the economy of fuel and water that exceeded that made by the Delaware in the test made of the latter vessel a short time ago. She will return at a speed of nineteen knots tomorrow. One of the men who was scalded by the bursting of a boiler tube during the speed test has died.

The North Dakota, a vessel of the superdreadnought type, has made a splendid record, her maximum speed during the speed trial being twenty-two and one-fourth knots. She is the finest and, as the tests have demonstrated, the fastest vessel of her type in the American Navy.

The twenty-four-hour test at twelve knots was to test the endurance of the machinery, the consumption of coal, and the consumption of feed water by the boilers.

The battleship North Dakota is one of America's two most powerful warships and is expected to surpass in many ways anything abroad. The North Dakota will attract world-wide interest among naval officers and shipping men in general because she is the first battleship anywhere to be fitted with the Curtis type of turbines and the first battleship in the United States Navy to have any kind of turbines. The North Dakota is much larger than the original British Dreadnought.

At the conclusion of the builders' trials, the vessel went to the Charleston Navy Yard and was floated into the larger drydock, to have her hull cleaned and her zinc protection plates fixed. Before being floated again, she was painted and a new set of screws of the wonderful Monel metal were set in place of the ones now on the shafts. (Continued on Page Four.)

PREFER STARVATION TO GOING TO WORK

Bread-and-Water Diet Fails to
Induce Industrial Workers
to Labor.

(By Associated Press.)

SPOKANE, November 8.—The Industrial Workers of the World have made no further attempts to speak on the streets, but it is announced that they will renew their attempts tomorrow, notwithstanding the determination of the police to stop them.

The one hundred and thirty who were arrested and sentenced to jail for holding open-air meetings and blocking the streets, and who were put on a bread-and-water diet when they refused to go to work as prescribed by the prison rules, have steadfastly persisted in their refusal, despite the starvation diet.

TAFT TO RETURN TO NATIONAL CAPITAL

President Has Completed His
Big Swing Around the
Circle.

(By Associated Press.)

AUGUSTA, Georgia, November 8.—President Taft will depart for Washington tomorrow, having rested up here from the strenuous exertions of the past week, which he has spent swinging around the circle of the United States. He has been away from the national capital for several weeks and has visited and made speeches in hundreds of places throughout the country, being everywhere received with great enthusiasm.